## **COMPUTER KNOWLEDGE**

1.	The part of a computer that coordinates all its functions is called						
	a) ROM program	b) System Board	c) Arithmetic Logic Unit				
	d) Control unit	e) None					
2.	A computer cannot boo	ot if it does not have the					
	a) Compiler	b) Loader	c) Operating System				
	d) Assembler	e) None	NA STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA				
3.	Any data or instructions entered into the memory of a computer are considered						
	a) Storage	b) Output	c) Input				
	d) Information	e) None of these	161				
4.	A right click on the desktop itself will?						
	a) Open the display properties dialogue box						
	b) Show a context - sensitive menu						
	c) Open the control panel						
	d) Minimize all open applications						
	e) None of these	1111					
5.	The process of starting or restarting a computer system by loading instructions from a						
	secondary storage device into the computer memory is called?						
	a) Duping	b) Booting	c) Padding				
	d) CPS	e) None of these					
6.	is known as unauthorized access into others system?						
	a) Hacking	b) Encryption	c) Decryption				
	d) Trafficking	e) None of these					
7.	When creating a computer program, the —— designs the structure of the program						
	a) End User	b) System Analyst	c) Programmer				
	d) All of the above	e) None					

8.	Which commands divides the surface of the blank disk into sector and assign a unique								
	address to each one?			C1.1.1.1					
	a) Ver b) F	Format c)	Fat d) (	Chkdsk	e) None of these				
9.	When you turn on the	computer, the boot	routine will	perform this te	est:				
	a) RAM test	b) Disk drive te	est	c) Memory	test				
	d) Power on self test	e) None							
10.	10. Which of the following peripheral devices displays information to a user?								
	a) Monitor	b) Keyboard	c) Seconda	ary Storage De	vices				
	d) Secondary Storage N	Media	e) None o	of these					
11.	Band width refers to:				161100				
	a) The cost of the cable	e requ <mark>ired to im</mark> ple	ement a WAN	AK					
	b) The cost of the cable	e required to imple	ement a LAN	20					
	c) The amount of infor	mation a peer-to-p	eer network o	can store					
	d) The amount of infor	mation a commun	ication mediu	ım can transfei	r in a given amount				
	of time								
	e) None of these	4110							
12.	If the computer keeps	rebooting itself i	t is likely that	t·					
12.	<ul><li>2. If the computer keeps rebooting itself, it is likely that:</li><li>a) It is effected with virus</li></ul>								
	b) It does not have eno								
	c) There is no printer	agii ilicilioi y							
	d) There has been a suc	dden nower rise							
	e) It needs a CD-ROM	-							
	e) it needs a CD-KOW								
13.	Devices that enter infor	rmation and let yo	u communica	ite with the coi	mputer are called:				
	a) Software	b) Output Devie	ces	c) Hardwar	·e				
	d) Input Devices	e) Input / Outpu	it Devices						
14.	An integrated circuit is								
	a) A complicated circuit	it							

b) An integrating device

d) Fabricated on a tiny	d) Fabricated on a tiny silicon chip								
e) None of the above									
15. The computer connected	ed to a LAN (	Local Area Networl	x) can						
a) Run Faster	b) G	o Online							
c) Share information ar	nd/or share pe	eripheral equipment							
d) E - Mail	e) N	one of these							
16. Which device can not b	oe shared in r	etwork?							
a) Floppy b) K	Key board	c) Computer	d) Printer e) Hard Disk						
17. A printer is a type of d	levice used for	or							
a) Input	b) Word Pr	rocessing	c) Processing						
d) Output	e) None of	these	Yer						
18. The basic goal of comp	outer process	is to convert data in	to						
a) Files	b) Tables		c) Information						
d) Graphs	e) None of	these							
19. The name that user giv	es to a docun	nent is referred to as							
a) Document Name	b) File Na	me	c) Name Given						
d) Document Identity	e) None								
	4		11 1						
20. The person who writes									
,	_	er Scientist	c) Software Engineer						
d) Project Developer	e) N	one							
21. DNS is the abbreviation	n of:								
a) Domain Name Servi	ce b) D	omain Name System	m c) Direct Network Service						
d) Direct Network Syst	tem e) N	one of these							
22. Which of the following	g is not true a	s regards primary s	torage?						
a) It is a part of the CP	U								
b) It allows very fast ac	ccess to data								

23.	Which of the following is the most powerful type of computer?						
	a) Super Micro	b) Super C	onductor	c) Micro Computer			
	d) Super Computer	e) Mega Fr	rame				
24.	Which of the following	g isn't a type	of computer fa	acility?			
	a) Decentralized	b) Centraliz	zed	c) Dedistributed			
	d) Distributed	e) None					
25.	Computer network is a	1?					
	a) A distributed data pr	rocessing syste	em	× ×	10		
	b) Multiple computers	are linked tog	ether for the p	ourpose of data communication ar	ıd		
	resource sharing	resource sharing					
	c) Both (A) & (B) are false						
	d) Both (A) & (B) are	true					
	e) None of these	15		Co			
26.	Which of the following will be used for checking spelling?						
a) Dictionary Disk b) Index Disk c) Directory Disk							
	d) None of these	e) All the a	bove				
27.	Internet Banking is an e	example of?					
	a) Electronic Funds Tra	nsfer (EFT)	b) EDP (Elec	tronic Data Processing)			
	c) EBCDIC d) A	ASCII	e) None of t	hese			
20	A						
28.	Anonymous FTP is?						
	a) Internet file transfer protocol						
	b) Protocol that requires password						
	c) Not access to the fil						
	d) None e) A	All of the abov	e				
29.	Archive is a?						
	a) Backup storage						
	b) Forward operation						

a) Drimory stores

30.	CPU performs read	d/write opera	ations at any	point of tim	ie in?				
	a) ROM	b) PF	ROM	c) E	PROM				
	d) RAM	e) No	one of these						
31	RIOS is an abbrev	iation for?							
51.	31. BIOS is an abbreviation for?								
	a) Binary Input/Bi	nary Output	b) Binary sy	ynchronous	c) Bir	nary digit			
	d) None of these		e) All the al	bove					
32.	Most common cha	nnel used by	networks to	oday is?					
	a) Internet	b) Te	lephone lines	S	c) Satellite				
	d) Mail	e) No	one of these			12m			
33.	What is the produc	ct of data pro	ocessing?			18 11 11 2			
	a) Data b) Infe	ormation	c) Software	d) A	computer	e) None of these			
34.	A source program	is the progra	am written in	which lang	uage?				
	a) English b) Syn	nbolic	c) High - le	vel d) M	<b>Machine</b>	e) None of these			
25	To be information	data marrat la		1					
33.	To be information,								
	a) factual b) rele	evant	c) news	d) All the	above	e) None of these			
36.	Thick - film ICs us	se tech	nique?						
	a) Screen Printing b) Cathode Sputtering c) Monolithic								
	d) Hybrid	e) No	one						
37.	A collection of Eig	ght bits is ca	lled?						
	a) Byte b) We	ord	c) Record	d) I	File	e) None of these			
38.	What is a micropro	ocessor?							
	a) Same as a micro								
		-							
	b) A small piece of	equipment							
	c) A small device t	that controls	other equipn	nent					
	d) A way of doing	something f	ast	e) None of	these				
39.	The microelectron	ics is the tec	hnology of?						

40. The processor of a computer system is called it's?										
a) Ne	rve centre	b) Eye	c) Brain	d)	Ear e)	None of thes	se			
41. What are the two major types of computer chips?										
a) Ex	ternal memo	ory	b) Primary	b) Primary memory chip c) Microprocessor chip						
d) Bo	oth (B) and (	(C)	e) None of	f these						
42. Who built the first computer mouse?										
		elbart		b) William English c) Daniel Cougher						
d) Ro	bert Zawac	ki	e) None				14			
42 W/h a4	is a Vimba	11 40 ~9								
	is a Kimba		b) A gift to	alzan	a) A saay	witz Izoz				
	address lab input medi		b) A gift to e) None	OKEII	c) A secu	irity key				
u) Ai	i input incui	um	C) None		20					
44. Dot - matrix is a type of?										
a) Ta	a) Tape b) Printer c) Disk d) Bus e) None of these									
45. What are the concentric circles on floppy disks know as?										
a) Tracks b) Cylinders c) Sectors d) Segments e) None of these										
46. What	does the di	sk drive of a	computers of	lo?						
a) Ro	tate the disk	b) R	Read the disk							
c) Load a program from the disk into the memory										
d) Both (B) and (C) e) None of these										
47. A	47. A is a computer connected to two networks?									
	a) link b) server c) gateway d) bridge way e) None of these									
Answers		3) 0:	1) 0.	5) b.	6) 0:	7) b.	8) h.			
						7) b; 15) c;				
						23) d;				
						31) a;				
22) h.	24) 0	25) h.	26) 01	27) 01	29) 0	20) a	40) a:			